

Norton Lindsey Parish Council

Code of Conduct

Part A – General Obligations

As a member or co-opted member of Norton Lindsey Parish Council, I have a responsibility to represent the community and work constructively with our staff and partner organisations to secure better social, economic and environmental outcomes for all.

I recognise that this Code of Conduct will apply at all times when I am acting as a member of Norton Lindsey Parish Council and I recognise that failure to adhere to this Code could result in the issuing of sanctions against me.

In accordance with the Localism Act provisions, when acting in this capacity I am committed to behaving in a manner that is consistent with the following principles to achieve best value for our residents and maintain public confidence in this Authority:

SELFLESSNESS: Holders of public office should act solely in terms of the public interest. They should not do so in order to gain financial or other material benefits for themselves, their family, or their friends.

INTEGRITY: Holders of public office should not place themselves under any financial or other obligation to outside individuals or organisations that might seek to influence them in the performance of their official duties.

OBJECTIVITY: In carrying out public business, including making public appointments, awarding contracts, or recommending individuals for rewards and benefits, holders of public office should make choices on merit.

ACCOUNTABILITY: Holders of public office are accountable for their decisions and actions to the public and must submit themselves to whatever scrutiny is appropriate to their office.

OPENNESS: Holders of public office should be as open as possible about all the decisions and actions that they take. They should give reasons for their decisions and restrict information only when the wider public interest clearly demands.

HONESTY: Holders of public office have a duty to declare any private interests relating to their public duties and to take steps to resolve any conflicts arising in a way that protects the public interest.

LEADERSHIP: Holders of public office should promote and support these principles by leadership and example.

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As a Member of Norton Lindsey Parish Council, my conduct will in particular address the principles of the Code of Conduct by:

- Championing the needs of residents – the whole community and in a special way my constituents, including those who did not vote for me - and putting the public interests first.
- Dealing with representations or enquiries from residents, members of our communities and visitors fairly, appropriately and impartially.
- Not allowing other pressures, including the financial interests of myself or others connected to me, to deter me from pursuing constituents' casework, the interests of the Authority or the good governance of the Authority in a proper manner.
- Recognising that all parties are equal and my position is one of privilege and not one that should be used to secure advantage or disadvantage for any party.
- Exercising independent judgement and not compromising my position by placing myself under obligations to outside individuals or organisations who might seek to influence the way I perform my duties as a member/co-opted member of this Authority.
- Listening to and respecting the interests of all parties, including relevant advice from statutory and other professional officers, taking all relevant information into consideration, remaining objective, making decisions on merit and providing reasons for the decisions taken.
- Being accountable for my decisions and co-operating when scrutinised internally and externally, including by local residents.
- Contributing to making this Authority's decision-making processes as open and transparent as possible to enable residents to understand the reasoning behind those decisions and to be informed when holding me and other members to account.
- Never disclosing information given to me in confidence by anyone, or information acquired by me which I believe, or ought reasonably to be aware, is of a confidential nature, except where:
 - (1) I have the consent of a person authorised to give it;
 - (2) I am required by law to do so; and
 - (3) The disclosure is made to a third party for the purpose of obtaining professional advice provided that the third party agrees not to disclose the information to any other person; or
 - (4) The disclosure is
 - (a) Reasonable and in the public interest; and
 - (b) Made in good faith and in compliance with the reasonable requirements of the authority.

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- Behaving in accordance with all my legal obligations, alongside any requirements contained within this Council's policies, protocols and procedures, including those on the use of the Council's resources (which shall never be for political purposes).
- Valuing and respecting my colleagues and staff and engaging with them in an appropriate manner and one that underpins the mutual respect between us that is essential to good local government.
- Always treating people with respect and acting in a polite and courteous manner, including the organisations and public I engage with and those I work alongside, both officers and fellow Members.
- Providing leadership through behaving in accordance with the principles of this Code when championing the interests of the community with other organisations as well as within this Council.
- Never intimidating or attempting to intimidate, or bully any person.
- Never doing anything which compromises or is likely to compromise the impartiality of those who work for, or on behalf of, the Council.
- Accepting that the failure to co-operate in trying to resolve a complaint; the investigation of a complaint; the pre-hearing and hearing process will be a breach of this Code of Conduct.
- The failure to comply with a sanction imposed by the Council, Standards Committee or a Hearing Panel, within the required time period, will in itself be a failure to comply with this Code of Conduct.
- Recognising that by failing to adhere to the Code, I could bring my office or Council into disrepute.

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Part B – Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

1 Notification of disclosable pecuniary interests

This part explains the requirements of the Localism Act 2011 (Sections 29-34) in relation to disclosable pecuniary interests. These are enforced by criminal sanction but would also be seen as a breach of the Code of Conduct by the Council.

Within 28 days of becoming a Member or co-opted Member, or becoming aware of any changes to your interests, you must notify the Monitoring Officer of any ‘disclosable pecuniary interests’.

A ‘disclosable pecuniary interest’ is an interest of yourself or your partner (which means spouse or civil partner, a person with whom you are living as husband or wife, or a person with whom you are living as if you are civil partners) within the following descriptions:

<i>Subject</i>	<i>Prescribed description</i>
Employment, office, trade, profession or vocation	Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain.
Sponsorship	Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the Warwick District Council) made or provided within the 12 months before your declaration of interests (or amendment to your declaration) in respect of any expenses incurred by you in carrying out duties as a member, or towards your election expenses. This includes any payment or financial benefit from a trade union within the meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992.
Contracts	Any contract which is made between you or your partner (or a firm or body corporate in which you or your partner is a partner or a director, or in the securities of which you or your partner has a beneficial interest) and Norton Lindsey Parish Council (a) under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and (b) which has not been fully discharged.

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Land, which excludes an easement, servitude, interest or right in or over land which does not carry with it a right for you or your partner (alone or jointly with another) to occupy the land or to receive income	Any beneficial interest in land which is within the area of Norton Lindsey Parish Council.
Licences	Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the area of Warwick District Council for a month or longer.
Corporate tenancies	Any tenancy where (to your knowledge)— (a) the landlord is Norton Lindsey Parish Council; and (b) the tenant is a body in which you or your partner has a beneficial interest.
Securities which means, shares, debentures, debenture stock, loan stock, bonds, units of a collective investment scheme within the meaning of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000(1) and other securities of any description, other than money deposited with a building society	Any beneficial interest in securities of a body where— (a) that body (to your knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of Norton Lindsey Parish Council; and (b) either— (i) the total nominal value of the securities exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or (ii) if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class.

- “the Act” means the Localism Act 2011;
- “director” includes a member of the committee of management of an industrial and provident society;
- “member” includes a co-opted member;

(1) 2000 c. 8.

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2 Register of interests

Any interests notified to the Monitoring Officer will be included in the register of interests.

A copy of the register will be available for public inspection, at Riverside House, Royal Leamington Spa and disclosable pecuniary interests will be published on the authority's website.

3 Sensitive interests

Where you consider that disclosure of the details of a disclosable pecuniary interest could lead to you, or a person connected with you, being subject to violence or intimidation, and the Monitoring Officer agrees, if the interest is entered on the register, copies of the register that are made available for inspection and any published version of the register will exclude details of the interest, but may state that you have a disclosable pecuniary interest, the details of which are withheld under Section 32(2) of the Act.

4 Non participation in the case of disclosable pecuniary interest

If you are present at a meeting of the Council, or any committee, sub-committee, joint committee or joint sub-committee, and you have a disclosable pecuniary interest in any matter to be considered or being considered at the meeting, unless you have been granted a dispensation:

- (a) You may not participate in any discussion of the matter at the meeting and must leave the room for the duration of this item
- (b) You may not participate in any vote taken on the matter at the meeting.
- (c) You must disclose the interest to the meeting.
- (d) If the interest is not registered and is not the subject of a pending notification, you must notify the Monitoring Officer of the interest within 28 days.

Note: Council Procedure requires you to leave the room where the meeting is held while any discussion or voting takes place unless you have a dispensation

5 Dispensations

The Council may grant you a dispensation, to consider specific matters for a time set at their discretion, but only in limited circumstances, to enable you to participate and vote on a matter in which you have a disclosable pecuniary interest. See Part C –7(2) for General Dispensations granted by Council.

6 Offences

It is a criminal offence, under the Localism Act 2011 and The Relevant Authorities (Disclosable Pecuniary Interests) Regulations 2012 to:

- (1) Fail to notify the Monitoring Officer of any disclosable pecuniary interest within 28 days of election

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- (2) Fail to disclose a disclosable pecuniary interest at a meeting if it is not on the register
- (3) Fail to notify the Monitoring Officer within 28 days, of a disclosable pecuniary interest that is not on the register that you have disclosed to a meeting
- (4) Participate in any discussion or vote on a matter in which you have a disclosable pecuniary interest without a dispensation
- (5) Knowingly or recklessly providing information that is false or misleading in notifying the Monitoring Officer of a disclosable pecuniary interest or in disclosing such interest to a meeting (unless you have dispensation).

The criminal penalties available to a court are to impose a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale and disqualification from being a Councillor for up to 5 years.

In addition to the above, this Council would also recognise that the following would amount to a breach of the Code of Conduct:

- Failure to notify the Monitoring officer of any changes to disclosable pecuniary interest within 28 days
- Failure to disclose a disclosable pecuniary interest at a meeting
- Failure to leave the meeting room when an item relating to a disclosable pecuniary interest is discussed

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Part C- Other interests

1 Notification of other interests

- (1) Subject to paragraph 4 below, (Sensitive interests), you must, within 28 days of;—
 - (a) this Code being adopted by the Council;
 - (b) your election or appointment to office; or
 - (c) any changes occurring to the declared interest;

notify the Monitoring Officer in writing of the details of your personal interests, falling within Paragraph 2(2) (A) below, for inclusion in the register of interests.

- (2) You must, within 28 days of becoming aware of any new personal interest, notify the Monitoring Officer of the details of that new personal interest.

2 Disclosure of interests

- (1) Where you have a personal interest in any business of Norton Lindsey Parish Council, and where you are aware or ought reasonably to be aware of the existence of the personal interest, and you attend a meeting of the Council, any committees or sub-committees or joint committees or sub-committees at which the business is considered, you must disclose to that meeting the existence and nature of that interest at the commencement of that consideration, or when the interest becomes apparent.
- (2)
 - (A) You have a personal interest in any business of Norton Lindsey Parish Council where a decision in relation to that business might reasonably be regarded as affecting your well-being or financial position or the well-being or financial position of a *relevant person* to a greater extent than the majority of other council tax payers, ratepayers or inhabitants of the ward affected by the decision;
 - (B) In sub-paragraph (2) (A), a *relevant person* is yourself or your partner (which means spouse or civil partner, a person with whom you are living as husband or wife, or a person with whom you are living as if you are civil partners)
 - (C) You have a personal interest in any business of Norton Lindsey Parish Council which relates to any disclosable pecuniary interest you are required to register
- (3) Where you have a personal interest in any business of Norton Lindsey Parish Council which relates to or is likely to affect a relevant person, you need to disclose to the meeting the existence and nature of that interest when you address the meeting on that business.
- (4) Where you have a personal interest in any business of Norton Lindsey Parish Council regarding gifts and hospitality, you need not disclose the nature or existence of that interest to the meeting if the interest was registered more than three years before the date of the meeting.

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- (5) Where you have a personal interest but, by virtue of Paragraph 4, Sensitive interests, information relating to it is not registered in your Authority's register of members' interests, you must indicate to the meeting that you have a personal interest, but need not disclose the sensitive information to the meeting.

3 Register of other interests

Any interests notified to the Monitoring Officer will be included in the register of interests.

A copy of the register will be available for public inspection at Riverside House. Members can ask for their other interests not to be published on the District Council's website.

Where a disclosable pecuniary interest is notified to the Monitoring Officer it need not be separately notified or separately registered as a personal interest.

4 Sensitive interests

Where you consider that disclosure of the details in an interest could lead to you, or a person connected with you, being subject to violence or intimidation, and the Monitoring Officer agrees, if the interest is entered on the register, copies of the register that are made available for inspection and any published version of the register will exclude details of the interest, but may state that you have an interest, the details of which are withheld.

5 Non participation in case of prejudicial interests

- (1) Where you have a personal interest in any business of Norton Lindsey Parish Council that interest will also be a prejudicial interest if a member of the public with knowledge of the relevant facts would reasonably regard that interest as so significant that it is likely to prejudice your judgement of the public interest **and** that business —
- (a) affects your financial position or the financial position of a relevant person; or
 - (b) relates to the determining of any approval, consent, licence, permission or registration in relation to you or a relevant person.
- (2) Subject to sub-paragraph (3) and 7 (dispensations), where you have a prejudicial interest in any business of Norton Lindsey Parish Council—
- (a) You may not participate in any discussion of the matter at the meeting;
 - (b) You may not participate in any vote taken on the matter at the meeting;
 - (c) If the interest is not registered, you must disclose the interest to the meeting; and
 - (d) If the interest is not registered and is not the subject of a pending notification, you must notify the Monitoring Officer of the interest within 28 days.

Note: Council Procedure Rule 37 requires you to leave the room where the meeting is held while any discussion or voting takes place unless you have a dispensation.

- (3) Where you have a prejudicial interest in any business of Norton Lindsey Parish Council, you may attend a meeting but only for the purpose of making representations, answering questions or giving

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evidence relating to the business, provided that the public are also allowed to attend the meeting for the same purpose, whether under a statutory right or otherwise and you leave the room where the meeting is held immediately after making representations, answering questions or giving evidence.

6 Dispensations

- (1) The Standards Committee may grant you a dispensation, to participate in full or in part where you have a prejudicial interest. A member must apply for dispensation, in writing to the Monitoring Officer, outlining their personal and prejudicial interest and the reasons why they feel dispensation should be granted.

These will only be granted in limited circumstances, to enable you to participate and vote on a matter in which you have a prejudicial interest.

General Dispensations

- (2) The Council has granted the following dispensation to all members and co-opted members of the Council in respect of both disclosable pecuniary interests and prejudicial interests

Provided you disclose the interest at the meeting you may attend a meeting and vote on a matter where you have a prejudicial or disclosable pecuniary interest that relates to the functions of Norton Lindsey Parish Council in respect of—

- (i) housing, where you or your partner are a tenant of Norton Lindsey Parish Council provided that those functions do not relate particularly to your or your partner's tenancy or lease;
- (ii) school meals or school transport and travelling expenses, where you or your partner are a parent or guardian of a child in full time education, or are a parent governor of a school, unless it relates particularly to the school which the child attends;
- (iii) statutory sick pay under Part XI of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992, where you or your partner are in receipt of, or are entitled to the receipt of, such pay;
- (iv) an allowance, payment or indemnity given to members;
- (v) any ceremonial honour given to members; and
- (vi) setting council tax or a precept under the Local Government Finance Act 1992.

8 Gifts & Hospitality

Within 28 days of receipt you must inform the Monitoring Officer of any gift or hospitality received equal to or greater than a value of £25.

This notification will include the details of what was received, what was done with the gift and the date it was received.